According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name: 1-66—3 PART B

Manufacture/Supplier Trade Name:
Manufacture/Supplier Article Number:
Recommended uses of the product and restrictions on use: CURING AGENT FOR GROUT
Manufacturer Details:
Superior Epoxies & Coatings Inc
2527 Lantrac Court
Decatur, GA 30035
(770)808-0023

Emergency telephone number: Infotrac 800-535-5053

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:



Skin irritation, category 2
Eye irritation, category 2A
Skin sensitization, category 1
Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure, category 1
Acute toxicity(oral,dermal,inhalation), category 1



Skin Corrosion/irritation-Skin irritation 2 Skin sensitizer 1 Eye irritation 2



Signal word: Danger
Hazard statement:
Harmful if swallowed
Causes skin burns and eye damage
Causes serious eye damage-H318
Harmful if swallowed
Page 1 of 10

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

May cause an allergic skin irritation-H317
May cause respiratory irritation
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary statements:
Keep container tightly closed
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
Keep out reach of children
Read label before use
Avoid breathing dust/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Wash skin thoroughly after handling
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
Avoid release to the environment

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protective/face protection

IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to

Continue rinsing

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable for breathing

If skin irritation or a rash occurs. Get medical advice/attention

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Collect spillage Store locked up

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Dispose of contents and container as instructed in Section 13

Other Non-GHS Classification: Health-3, Flammability-1, Physical-0, Personal Protection X

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients				
CAS 68953-3-36-6	FATTY ACIDS,TALL-OIL,TETRAETHYLENETAMINE	90-100%		
CAS 112-24-3	TETRAETHYLENEPENTAMINE	10-12.5%		
Percentages are by weight				
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Aliphatic Amines		Percentages are by weight		
SECTION 4: First aid measures				

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

Description of first aid measures Page 2 of 10

After inhalation:

Move exposed to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Loosen clothing and place exposed in a comfortable position.

After skin contact:

Wash hands and exposed skin with soap and plenty of water. Rinse/flush exposed skin gently using soap and water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists. Wash away any material which may have contacted the body with copious amounts of water or soap.

After eye contact:

Seek medical attention. Protect unexposed eye. Flush exposed eye gently using water for 15-20 minutes

Remove contact lenses while rinsing

After swallowing:

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, Irritation-all routes of exposure. Acute pneumoconiosis or silicosis from overwhelming exposure to crystalline silica dust has occurred. Lungs may be affected by repeated or prolonged exposure to fibers, resulting in fibrosis. This substance is possible carcinogenic to humans. Persons with impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of this substance. Smoking can increase the risk of lung injury.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If seeking medical attention provide SDS document to physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents:

Dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam. Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition. If large

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

quantities of combustibles are involved, use water in flooding quantities as spray and fog. Use water spray to Knock-down vapors. Page 3 of 10

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Do not use water on material itself; water or foam may cause frothing

Unsuitable extinguishing agents: None

Advice for firefighter:

Protective equipment: Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to section Additional information (precautions)

Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Additional information (precautions)

If material not on fire and not involved in fire: keep sparks, flames, and other sources of ignition away. Keep material out of water sources and sewers. Build dikes to contain flow as necessary. Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor, and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Move product containers away from fire. Avoid generating dust, fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Water4 spill: Neutralize with agricultural lime (CaO), crushed limestone (CaCO3) or sodium bicarbonate (naHCO3). If dissolved, in region of 10 ppm or greater concentration, apply activated carbon at ten times the spilled amount. Land spill: Dig a pit, pond, lagoon, holding area (should be sealed with an impermeable flexible membrane liner) to contain liquid or solid material. Dike surface flow using soil, sand bags, foamed polyurethane, or foamed concrete. Absorb bulk liquid with fly ash or cement powder. Neutralize as noted for water spill. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure that air-handling systems are operational

Environmental precautions:

Should not be released into environment. Prevent from reaching drains, sewer, or waterway. Collect contaminated soil for characterization per section 13.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Sweep up and shovel. Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Personal protection: P2 filter respirator for harmful particles. Dust deposits should not be allow to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e. clearing dust surface with compressed air). Collect solids in powder form using vacuum with (HEPA filter) Do not handle broken packages unless wearing appropriate chemical protective equipment. Wash away any material which may have contacted the body with copious amounts of water and soap. Refer to section 8. Always obey local regulations. If necessary use trained response staff or contractor.

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Containerize for disposal. Refer to section 13. Keep in suitable closed containers for disposal. Page 4 of 10 Sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Reference to other sections: none

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Do Not take working clothes home. Refer to Section 8. Follow proper disposal methods. Combustible dusts formation is a risk. Refer to Section 13. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substance.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool location. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Provide ventilation for containers. Keep container tightly sealed, Store away from incompatible materials. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters: 14807-96-6, hydrous magnesium silicate, OHSA PEL TWA 2.0 mg/m3,NIOSH TWA 2.0 mg/m3, ACGIH TLV TWA 2.0 mg/m3

13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, ACGIH TLV: 10,0SHA

PEL:10

112945-52-5, Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst-free, ACGIH

TLV TWA:10 mg/m3 (inhaled particles)OSHA PEL TWA:15 mg/m3 (total dust)

Appropriate Engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. **Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls** To keep the airborne concentrations of vapor and mist below the applicable workplace exposure limits indicated above. (Occupational Exposure-OELS). It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosive relief vents or an explosive suppression system or an oxygen deficient environment. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e. there is no leakage from the equipment) Use under a fume hood.

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

Respiratory protection: Where risk Assessment shows air-purifying respirators are

appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. When necessary use NIOSH

approved breathing equipment.

Protection of skin: Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the

substance. Select glove material based on rates of diffusion and degradation. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Use proper glove removal technique without touching outer service. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Wear protective clothing.

Eye protection: Faceshield (8-inch minimum) with tightly fitting safety

goggles are appropriate eyeware. Wear equipment for eye

protection tested and approved under appropriate

government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU)

General hygienic measures: Perform routine housekeeping. Wash hands before breaks

and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact

with skin, eyes, and clothing. Before rewearing wash

contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical	Med viscosity liquid ar	viscosity liquid and colors Explosion limit lower	
State, color)	-	Explosion limit upper	N/A
Odor:	Ammonia	Vapor pressure at 20°	Not determined
Odor threshold:	Not Determined	Vapor density	Not determined
PH-value:	Not Determined	Relative density	1.77
Melting/Freezing Point:	Not Determined	Solubilities	N/A
Boiling point/Range:	Not Determined	Partition coefficient	Not determined
		(n-octanol/water)	
Flash point(closed cup):	Not Determined	Auto/self-ignition	Not determined
		Temperature	
Evaporation rate:	Not Determined	Decomposition Temp	Not determined
Flammability (solid gases	Not Determined	Viscosity	a.Kinematic_
			b.Dynamic:

Density: Not Determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

Reactivity:

Nonreactive under normal conditions

Chemical stability:

Stable under normal conditions. Chemically inert, properties are inert; affected by change in PH Page 6 of 10

Possible hazardous reactions:

None under normal conditions

Conditions to avoid:

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials:

Strong Acids, Strong Bases, Oxidizing agents, Hydrogen fluoride.

Hazardous decomposition products:

Magnesium oxide, Titanium oxides, Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides, Ammonia. When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity:

Oral: 13463-67-7 LD50:>5,000 mg/kg Species: Rat Method: Estimated

Inhalation:

13463-67-7 LC 50 rat-male and female The substance can be absorbed into the body by inhalation.

Dermal: >1/000 mg/kg LD50 rabbit-male and female 84852-15-3 Dermal LD50 rabbit 2031 mg/kg

Oral: 84852-15-3, LD50 oral-Rat-male and female-1412 mg/kg

Chronic Toxicity:

Inhalation:

May cause respiratory irritation

Corrosion irritation

Dermal: Section 2, Classified as skin irritant Ocular: Section2, Classified as eye irritant Sensitization: Classified as a skin sensitizer

Single Target organ (STOT): Classified as respiratory irritant

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

Carcinogenicty: IARC Group3(not classifiable) Monograph 68(1997)(listed under Amorphous silica)

Numerical measure: No Additional information

Mutagenicity: Hamster lungs DNA inhibition. Hamster ovary sister chromatid exchange Reproductive Toxicity: Classified as possible causing reproductive harm to fertility or unborn child

Page 7 of 10

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Fish (acute 84852-15-3): 96 hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 0.135 MG/L {flow-through}: 96 hr LC50 lepomis macrochirus: 0.1351 mg/l {flow-through} Crustacea (acute 84852-15-3): 48 hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 0.14 mg/l Algae (acute 84852-15-3): 96 hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0.36-0.48 mg/l {static}: 72 hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0.16-0.72 mg/l {static}; 72 hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 1.3 mg/l

Persistence and degradability: aerobic-Exposure time 28 d result:<10%-according to the results of tests of biodegradeable this product is not readily biodegradeable 84852-15-3: aerobic-exposure time 28d result: 62% readily biodegradeable. There is no data for the prouct regarding degradability.

Bioaccumulative potential: BCF *84852-15-3): 271 species: fish Mobility in soil: no additional information

Other adverse effects: no additional information

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal recommendations:

Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dispose of empty containers as usual product. Product or containers must not be disposed together with household garbage. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations. Ensure complete and accurate classification. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN Number: 2735

UN Proper shipping name Amines, Liquid, corrosive, NOS (4,41 methylne bis cyclo

hexanamine)

Limited Quantity: NONE

Bulk: Non Bulk

RQ (if applicable): none

Proper shipping name: Environmentally

Hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

Average molecular weight <=700) Page 8 of 10

Hazard Class: 8 Hazard class: 8

Packing Group: II Packing Group: II

Marine Pollutant (84852-15-3): Marine Pollutant (84852-15-3):

SECTION 15: regulatory information

United States (USA)

SARA SECTION 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Reactive, Acute, Chronic

SARA SECTION 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

84852-15-3.1.0% de minimis concentration (listed under Chemical Category

Nonylphenol)

RCRA (hazardous waste code):

None of the ingredients are listed.

TSCA (Toxic substance control act)

All ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)

None of the ingredients are listed.

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer:

14807-96-6 hydrous magnesium silicate.

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

Chemicals known to cause reproduction toxicity for females:
 None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproduction toxicity for males:
 None of the ingredients are listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:
 None of the ingredients are listed.

Canada

Canadian Domestic Substance list (DSL)
all of the ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI ingredient disclosure list (limit 0.1%)
None of the ingredients is listed

Canadian NPRI ingredient disclosure list (limit 1%)
None of the ingredients is listed

Page 9 of 10

SECTION 16: Other information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations. Note. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take these precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of the material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate.

GHS Full Text Phrases: None Abbreviations and Acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labelling of chemicals

ACGIH; American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification Systems (USA)

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (CANADA)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect level (Reach)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (Reach)

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations (USA)

According to 29CFR1910/1200 and GHS Rev.3

Effective date: 10.05.2015

1-66-3 - PART B

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act (USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (CANADA)

DOT: US Department of Transportation

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (CANADA)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (Reach)

Effective date: 10.05.2015

Last updated: 10.05.2015 Page 10 of 10